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APPLICATION NO.	FILING DATE	FIRST NAMED INVENTOR	ATTORNEY DOCKET NO.	CONFIRMATION NO		
10/009,848	12/13/2001	Bruno Colin	BONN-070	BONN-070 1212		
32954	7590 10/11/2005		EXAM	EXAMINER		
JAMES C. LYDON 100 DAINGERFIELD ROAD		KIM, YO	KIM, YOUNG J			
SUITE 100	KFIELD KUAD		ART UNIT	PAPER NUMBER		
ALEXANDRIA, VA 22314			1637			

DATE MAILED: 10/11/2005

Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.



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APPLICATION NO./ CONTROL NO.	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·			ATTORNEY DOCKET NO.	
			EXAMINER		
			ART UNIT	PAPER	
		·		10042005	

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Commissioner for Patents

Advisory Action Before the Filing of an Appeal Brief

Application No.	Applicant(s)	
10/009,848	COLIN ET AL.	
Examiner	Art Unit	
Young J. Kim	1637	

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	Young J. Kim	1637					
The MAILING DATE of this communication appears on the cover sheet with the correspondence address							
THE REPLY FILED 15 September 2005 FAILS TO PLACE THIS APPLICATION IN CONDITION FOR ALLOWANCE. 1. ☑ The reply was filed after a final rejection, but prior to or on the same day as filing a Notice of Appeal. To avoid abandonment of this application, applicant must timely file one of the following replies: (1) an amendment, affidavit, or other evidence, which places the application in condition for allowance; (2) a Notice of Appeal (with appeal fee) in compliance with 37 CFR 41.31; or (3)							
 a Request for Continued Examination (RCE) in compliant time periods: a) The period for reply expires 6 months from the mailing date 	ce with 37 CFR 1.114. The reply must be of the final rejection.	ust be filed within one	of the following				
no event, however, will the statutory period for reply expire I	b) The period for reply expires on: (1) the mailing date of this Advisory Action, or (2) the date set forth in the final rejection, whichever is later. In no event, however, will the statutory period for reply expire later than SIX MONTHS from the mailing date of the final rejection. Examiner Note: If box 1 is checked, check either box (a) or (b). ONLY CHECK BOX (b) WHEN THE FIRST REPLY WAS FILED WITHIN						
TWO MONTHS OF THE FINAL REJECTION. See MPEP 7	06.07(f).						
Extensions of time may be obtained under 37 CFR 1.136(a). The date have been filed is the date for purposes of determining the period of exunder 37 CFR 1.17(a) is calculated from: (1) the expiration date of the set forth in (b) above, if checked. Any reply received by the Office late may reduce any earned patent term adjustment. See 37 CFR 1.704(b NOTICE OF APPEAL	tension and the corresponding amount shortened statutory period for reply orig r than three months after the mailing da	of the fee. The appropr inally set in the final Offi	iate extension fee ce action; or (2) as				
2. The Notice of Appeal was filed on A brief in compliing the Notice of Appeal (37 CFR 41.37(a)), or any external a Notice of Appeal has been filed, any reply must be filed AMENDMENTS	nsion thereof (37 CFR 41.37(e)), to	avoid dismissal of th	ns of the date of e appeal. Since				
3. The proposed amendment(s) filed after a final rejection,	but prior to the date of filing a brief,	, will <u>not</u> be entered b	ecause				
(a) They raise new issues that would require further consideration and/or search (see NOTE below); (b) They raise the issue of new matter (see NOTE below);							
(c) They are not deemed to place the application in be appeal; and/or		ducing or simplifying	the issues for				
	(d) They present additional claims without canceling a corresponding number of finally rejected claims.						
5. Applicant's reply has overcome the following rejection(s		•					
6. Newly proposed or amended claim(s) would be a non-allowable claim(s).							
7. For purposes of appeal, the proposed amendment(s): a) how the new or amended claims would be rejected is pro The status of the claim(s) is (or will be) as follows:		ll be entered and an e	explanation of				
Claim(s) allowed: Claim(s) objected to:							
Claim(s) rejected:							
Claim(s) withdrawn from consideration: <u>AFFIDAVIT OR OTHER EVIDENCE</u>							
8. The affidavit or other evidence filed after a final action, be because applicant failed to provide a showing of good an was not earlier presented. See 37 CFR 1.116(e).	d sufficient reasons why the affidat	vit or other evidence is	s necessary and				
9. The affidavit or other evidence filed after the date of filing entered because the affidavit or other evidence failed to showing a good and sufficient reasons why it is necessar	overcome <u>all</u> rejections under appe y and was not earlier presented. S	al and/or appellant fa ee 37 CFR 41.33(d)(ils to provide a 1).				
10. ☐ The affidavit or other evidence is entered. An explanation REQUEST FOR RECONSIDERATION/OTHER	on of the status of the claims after e	ntry is below or attacl	hed.				
 11. The request for reconsideration has been considered by See Continuation Sheet. 	ut does NOT place the application i	n condition for allowa	nce because:				
12. Note the attached Information Disclosure Statement(s). (PTO/SB/08 or PTO-1449) Paper No(s)							

Continuation of 11. does NOT place the application in condition for allowance because: The rejection of claims 21, 22, 24, 32, 37, and 46 under 35 U.S.C. 102(b) as being anticipated by Zanzucchi et al. (U.S. Patent No. 5,755,942) is maintained. Applicants' arguments have been carefully considered in light of the Interview Summary of record. Applicants argue that Zanzucchi et al. fail to disclose of suggest the claimed features of the test card, the feature of which are: a) at least two valves per sequential reaction line; and b) each valve being deformable. Specifically, Applicants argue that Zanzucchi et al. disclose a "disc-shaped" micro laboratory having a plurality of radially disposed modules such that an angle exists between adjacent reaction lines," arguing that therefore, it is, "impossible to use a unique actuator means in order to actuate valves from different reaction lines which are positioned at the same level." (page 5, Response). Applicants state that in a radially disposed disc, the distance between two valves positioned in adjacent reaction lines will decrease rather than remain the same. Additionally, Applicants contend that Zanzucchi et al. fail to disclose a test card having valves comprising at least a means which can be deformed by an actuator. (page 6, Response). In response, the claims are drawn to a product, and not a method. Hence, Applicants' arguments stating that it is impossible to use a unique actuator means in order to actuate valves from different reaction lines are not relevant here. If the device of the prior art meets all of the claimed limitation of the claimed test card, then the prior art properly anticipates the invention under 35 U.S.C. 102(b). With regard to Applicants' arguments drawn to the fact that Zanzucchi et al. disclose a "disc-shaped" micro laboratory having a plurality of radially disposed modules such that an angle exists between adjacent reaction lines, Zanzucchi et al. do disclose at least two sequential reaction lines arranged in parallel (see Figure 8A, as well as 8B which discloses at least two lines feeding the sub module 237 leading to sub module 28 and 274, arranged in parallel). In addition, Figure 8A, depicts multiple reaction lines which are arranged in parallel channeling through plurality of modules. Zanzucchi et al. explicitly disclose that this arrangement allows synthesis of proteins or oligonucleotides, "in parallel." (column 11, lines 57-58). With regard to the "deformable valve" limitation, this limitation has been considered but has not been found persuasive in view of the claim interpretation. The structure disclosed by Zanzucchi et al. in Figure 7C, which comprises a ball (element 162) is a valve as a whole. In other words, it is improper to think of the ball alone as a valve, as a ball is clearly not a valve. However, the ball is used in the channel (162), to form a valve. And the make up of the valve shifts in its shape (thus deformable) in order to control fluid between the wells. Therefore, the valve disclosed by Zanzucchi et al. would anticipate the invention as claimed and Applicants' arguments, unfortunately, are not found persuasive.

YOUNG J. KIM
PATENT EXAMINER

KENNETH R. HORLICK, PH.D PRIMARY EXAMINER

10/4/05